



VANU INC

Workshop on Streaming Systems
August 23, 2003

Second-Order Challenges in Streaming Systems

Dr. John M. Chapin
Vanu, Inc.
1 Porter Square, Suite 18
Cambridge, MA 02140 USA

jchapin@vanu.com
<http://www.vanu.com>



Vanu, Inc. Overview

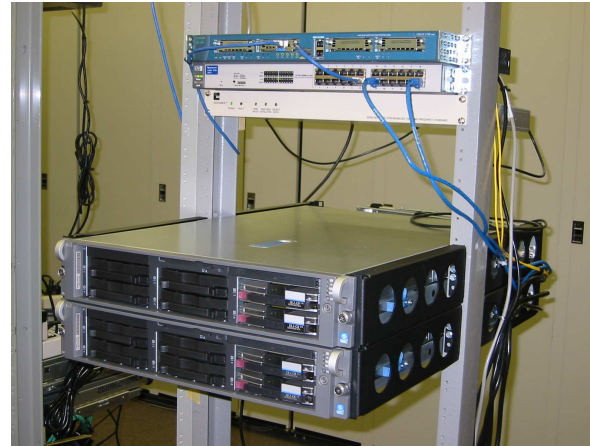
Founded 1998

MIT LCS spin-off

Supply signal processing software to radio manufacturers

“The software in software radio”

Focus on software engineering and portability



**GSM
basestation**



**Monitoring system
Public safety terminal**



Some definitions

Waveform

An RF communications standard. Includes all layers.

Software Defined Radio (SDR)

An RF communications device where the waveform supported can be changed through a software load.

X is portable to Y

The cost of getting X running on Y is a small fraction of X's original development cost.



Second-order challenges

Many good, useful ideas for streaming languages/systems have already been described in this workshop

To support applications like those built at Vanu, Inc., there are additional challenges that must be addressed

Dynamic processing graphs

Large-scale processing graphs

Variable cost kernels

Portable source representation

Hybrid applications



Dynamic processing graphs

GSM waveform implementation

many options negotiated during call setup

for efficiency, have specialized modules for different options

**after options known, instantiate specialized processing pipeline
and connect into existing graph**

delete this pipeline during call teardown

**Graph surgery must occur in 10s of milliseconds without
processing interruptions (elsewhere in graph) > ~1 msec.**



Large-scale processing graphs

Simple analog FM waveform

5 kernels

AMPS channel

30 kernels

Full AMPS basestation

> 1500 kernels

This was with coarse kernels

Want finer granularity to exploit compiler strip-mining, etc.

Recommend compiler algorithms designed for 500 kernels in tightly optimized unit, 100k kernels in full application.



Variable-cost kernels

Traditional DSP algorithms have constant cost/sample.

***Much* better average-case performance possible with variable cost/sample.**

Convolutional decoding based on Dijkstra shortest-paths search

CCK decoding using initial (+1, -1, X) discriminator

Recommend scheduling based on bounded variability rather than invariant costs.



Portable source representation

Want common source representation for DSP, FPGA, complex SOC (e.g. Vertex II), etc.

Complex, expensive signal processing software

Different architectures used on different platforms

OK if output code is not optimal (but must be Pretty Good™)

Big US DOD SDR program pushing hard for this

“A major goal of the JTRS program is to use these [independently procured] waveforms across the family of JTRS radios regardless of manufacturer.”



Hybrid applications

Most real-world applications are hybrid
streaming code for signal processing
non-streaming code for control, networking, human interface, ...

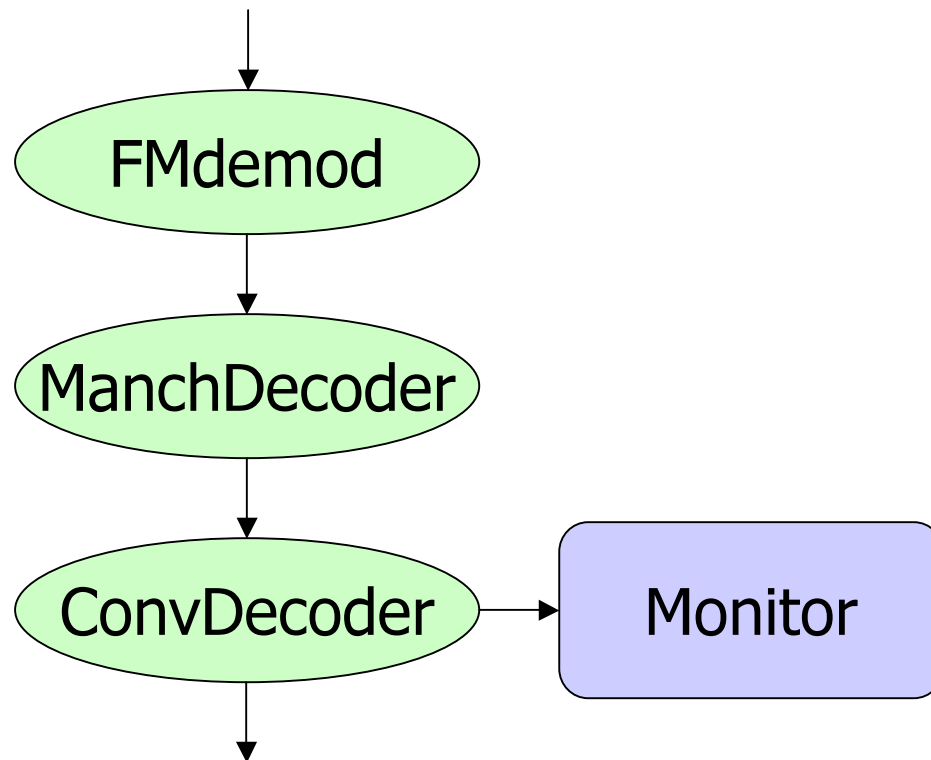
Need portable, efficient constructs for
configuring/controlling/monitoring
moving high speed data streams back and forth
moving events and parameters back and forth

Must be able to debug as an integrated single application.



How RDL handles hybrid applications

Signal Processing Graph (fragment)



C++ code

```
class MyMonitor :  
    public SigProcExt {  
        void SigProcEvent();  
    }  
  
SPS.Register(  
    "Monitor",  
    new MyMonitor()  
);
```



Summary

This talk identified 5 challenges in the full streaming-system problem that go beyond the obvious initial challenges.

Dynamic processing graphs

Large-scale processing graphs

Variable cost kernels

Portable source representation

Hybrid applications